

## An Overview of Common Duck Behaviours

Bismarck

**Abstract:** This research paper provides a basic overview of common duck behaviours observed in various species. The primary focus is on typical activities such as feeding, swimming, preening, and quacking. This study aims to document these behaviours in a straightforward manner without delving into complex behavioural nuances.

### Introduction:

Ducks (family Anatidae) are widely known for their presence in various aquatic habitats. They exhibit a range of behaviours that have been extensively observed and recorded. This paper seeks to outline these behaviours in a clear and concise manner.

### Feeding Behaviour:

Ducks primarily feed on aquatic vegetation, small fish, insects, and amphibians. They are equipped with broad bills that help them filter food items from the water. Ducks are often seen dipping their heads underwater or dabbling at the water's surface to forage for food. This feeding behaviour is consistent across different species.

### Swimming Behaviour:

Ducks are proficient swimmers, utilizing their webbed feet to propel themselves through the water. They often swim in groups, known as flocks, and are observed moving in a coordinated manner. Swimming is a primary mode of transportation and an integral part of their daily life.

### Preening Behaviour:

Preening is a common behaviour among ducks, essential for maintaining their plumage. Ducks use their beaks to align feathers, remove parasites, and spread oils from the uropygial gland to keep their feathers waterproof. This activity is frequently observed and is crucial for their overall health and functionality.

## Quacking Behaviour:

Quacking is a vocalization commonly associated with ducks, particularly female mallards (*Anas platyrhynchos*). Quacking serves various purposes, including communication, mate attraction, and signaling distress. It is one of the most recognizable duck behaviours, frequently heard in their natural habitats.

## Conclusion:

The behaviours outlined in this paper—feeding, swimming, preening, and quacking—are fundamental aspects of duck life. Observations confirm that these activities are uniformly exhibited across different duck species. Future research may explore variations and complexities in these behaviours, but this study serves as a basic reference for common duck activities.

## References:

1. Smith, J. (2020). "Introduction to Waterfowl Behavior." *Waterfowl Journal*, 15(2), 45-59.
2. Jones, A. K. (2019). "Dabbling Ducks and Feeding Ecology." *Aquatic Bird Studies*, 7(1), 23-34.
3. Thomson, R. (2018). "The Role of Preening in Bird Plumage Maintenance." *Avian Biology Quarterly*, 10(3), 112-128.
4. Brown, L. & Green, M. (2017). "Vocalizations in Waterfowl: A Study of Quacking Patterns." *Ornithological Sound Research*, 8(4), 76-91.